EDWARDS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

December 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Edwards Metropolitan District

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund, of Edwards Metropolitan District (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund Edwards Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.



Board of Directors Edwards Metropolitan District Page Two

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Chadwick, Steinkirchner, Davis & Co., P.C.

Chadiner Stirkich, Davis : Co. P.C.

July 28, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2022

As management of Edwards Metropolitan District (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are composed of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The governmental activity of the District is primarily financing the construction, operation, and maintenance of the basic public infrastructure within Edwards. There are no business-type activities within the District.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 6 and 7 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District currently has two funds, the General Fund and Sales Tax Revenue Fund, which are governmental fund types.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. A reconciliation of the fund balance as reported in the governmental funds to the net position reported in the government-wide financial statements and a reconciliation of the net change in fund balance to the change in net position has been provided to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The fund financial statements are contained on pages 9 and 11 of the report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 23 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position

The perspective of the Statement of Net Position is of the District as a whole. Following is a summary of the District's net position for the fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

	 2022	2021
Assets:		
Current assets	\$ 5,921,195	\$ 4,266,561
Capital assets, net	 1,131,886	 1,149,491
Total Assets	\$ 7,053,081	\$ 5,416,052
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities	\$ 71,609	\$ 36,160
Deferred Inflows:		
Property taxes	\$ 336,299	\$ 340,083
Net Position:		
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 1,131,886	\$ 1,149,491
Restricted for emergencies	64,196	49,845
Restricted for streets/transportation	1,888,182	1,203,937
Unrestricted	 3,560,909	 2,636,536
Total Net Position	\$ 6,645,173	\$ 5,039,809

Statement of Activities

The perspective of the Statement of Activities is of the District as a whole. The Statement of Activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants and contributions offsetting the cost of the services. The following detail reflects the total cost of services supported by property taxes and sales tax revenues and as well as interest income and operating grants and contributions, resulting in the overall change in net position for the fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

		2022	2021		
General Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$	358,725	\$	325,979	
Sales tax		1,702,518		1,316,598	
Interest income		78,641		18,919	
Operating grants and contributions	-	11,583		11,461	
Total Revenues	\$	2,151,467	\$	1,672,957	
Expenses:					
General government	\$	371,002	\$	138,479	
Highways and streets		92,356		128,203	
Culture and recreation	-	82,745		36,068	
Total Expenses	\$	546,103	\$	302,750	
Change in net position	\$	1,605,364	\$	1,370,207	
Net Position- Beginning		5,039,809		3,669,602	
Net Position- Ending	\$	6,645,173	\$	5,039,809	

Government-wide Financial Analysis. The District's overall financial position, as measured by net position, increased by \$1,605,364 due primarily to a large increase in sales taxes collected. Sales and property taxes are continuing to be collected and retained in reserve for future projects. The sales tax funds are being collected, spent, and held in reserve for constructing, operating and maintaining streets, transportation, landscaping and safety protection improvements, including vehicular, bicycle, and pedestrian improvements to Edwards Access Road and Highway 6 within Edwards.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As mentioned earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$5,513,287 which reflects a increase of \$1,622,969. This increase is primarily the result of continued collection of sales and property taxes which are being held in reserve, primarily for future capital projects.

Budget variances in the General Fund. The District's actual total general fund expenditures were \$238,004 less than budget. The majority of this variance is attributable to capital projects which have been deferred to future years. Additional details for the General Fund and Sales Tax Revenue Fund budget variances can be seen on Pages 24 and 25 of the financial statements.

Capital assets. The District's total capital assets before depreciation remained flat at \$1,260,516 while accumulated depreciation increased from \$111,025 to \$128,630. Additional information related to the capital assets is reflected in Note C on Page 19 of the financial statements.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Marchetti & Weaver, LLC 28 Second Street, Suite 213, Edwards, CO 81632 or you may call (970) 926-6060 or email admin@mwcpaa.com.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 5,277,106
Receivables	
Due from county treasurer	1,336
Property taxes receivable	336,299
Sales tax receivable	297,617
Interest receivable	3,039
Prepaid expenses	5,798
Capital assets	
Land	501,875
Water rights	207,781
Buildings, net	344,999
Road improvements, net	77,231
Total Assets	7,053,081
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	71,609
Total Liabilities	71,609
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property taxes	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	336,299
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	407,908
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,131,886
Restricted for emergencies	64,196
Restricted for streets, safety protection, and transportation	1,888,182
Unrestricted	3,560,909
Total Net Position	\$ 6,645,173

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended December 31, 2022

			Program Revenues						
Function/Programs	<u>F</u>	Expenses	f	orges or vices	G	perating rants and ntributions	2	al Grants and ibutions	Total vernmental Activities
Governmental activities									
General government	\$	371,002	\$	-	\$	11,583	\$	_	\$ (359,419)
Public works		92,356		-		-		-	(92,356)
Culture and recreation		82,745		-		-		-	(82,745)
Total governmental activities	\$	546,103	\$	-	\$	11,583	\$	-	(534,520)
	Gen	eral revenu	ies:						
		perty taxes							358,725
		es tax							1,702,518
Interest income							78,641		
Total general revenues							2,139,884		
		Change in	net p	ositio	1				1,605,364
		position - l	_	_					 5,039,809
Net position - ending								\$ 6,645,173	

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2022

ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables Due from county treasurer Due from county treasurer Property taxes receivable Sales tax receivable Sales tax receivable Interest and other receivable Total Assets Total Assets Total Liabilities Accounts payable DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources FUND EQUITY Nonspendable - prepaid expenses Restricted for emergencies Restricted for streets, safety protection, and transportation Total Liabilities 1,366,541 1,590,565 1,336 1,336 - 1,336 - 297,617 29		General	Sales Tax Revenue	Total Governmental Funds
Receivables Due from county treasurer 1,336 - 1,336 Property taxes receivable 336,299 - 336,299 Sales tax receivable - 297,617 297,617 Interest and other receivable 3,039 - 3,039 Prepaid expenses 5,798 - 5,798				
Due from county treasurer 1,336 - 1,336 Property taxes receivable 336,299 - 336,299 Sales tax receivable - 297,617 297,617 Interest and other receivable 3,039 - 3,039 Prepaid expenses 5,798 - 5,798 Prepaid expenses 71,609 - 71,609 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 71,609 - 71,609 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes 336,299 - 336,299 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 336,299 - 336,299 Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources 407,908 - 407,908 FUND EQUITY Nonspendable - prepaid expenses 5,798 - 5,798 Restricted for emergencies 64,196 - 64,196 Restricted for streets, safety protection, and transportation - 1,888,182 1,888,182		\$ 3,686,541	\$ 1,590,565	\$ 5,277,106
Property taxes receivable 336,299 - 336,299 Sales tax receivable - 297,617 297,617 Interest and other receivable 3,039 - 3,039 Prepaid expenses 5,798 - 5,798 Prepaid expenses 4,033,013 1,888,182 5,921,195 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 71,609 - 71,609 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 71,609 - 71,609 Deferred Inflows of Resources 336,299 - 336,299 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 336,299 - 336,299 Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources 407,908 - 407,908 FUND EQUITY Nonspendable - prepaid expenses 5,798 - 5,798 Restricted for emergencies 64,196 - 64,196 Restricted for streets, safety protection, and transportation - 1,888,182 1,888,182				
Sales tax receivable - 297,617 297,617 Interest and other receivable 3,039 - 3,039 Prepaid expenses 5,798 - 5,798 Total Assets 4,033,013 1,888,182 5,921,195 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 71,609 - 71,609 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes 336,299 - 336,299 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 336,299 - 336,299 Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources 407,908 - 407,908 FUND EQUITY Nonspendable - prepaid expenses 5,798 - 5,798 Restricted for emergencies 64,196 - 64,196 Restricted for streets, safety protection, and transportation - 1,888,182 1,888,182	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	
Interest and other receivable 3,039 - 3,039 FUND EQUITY	± *	336,299	-	· ·
Total Assets 5,798 - 5,798 Total Assets 4,033,013 1,888,182 5,921,195		-	297,617	
Total Assets 4,033,013 1,888,182 5,921,195			-	,
LIABILITIES Accounts payable 71,609 - 71,609 Total Liabilities 71,609 - 71,609 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes 336,299 - 336,299 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 336,299 - 336,299 Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources 407,908 - 407,908 FUND EQUITY Nonspendable - prepaid expenses 5,798 - 5,798 Restricted for emergencies 64,196 - 64,196 Restricted for streets, safety protection, and transportation - 1,888,182 1,888,182	1 1			
Accounts payable 71,609 - 71,609 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 71,609 - 71,609 Property taxes 336,299 - 336,299 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 336,299 - 336,299 Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources 407,908 - 407,908 FUND EQUITY Nonspendable - prepaid expenses 5,798 - 5,798 Restricted for emergencies 64,196 - 64,196 Restricted for streets, safety protection, and transportation - 1,888,182 1,888,182	Total Assets	4,033,013	1,888,182	5,921,195
Property taxes 336,299 - 336,299 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 336,299 - 336,299 Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources 407,908 - 407,908 FUND EQUITY Nonspendable - prepaid expenses 5,798 - 5,798 Restricted for emergencies 64,196 - 64,196 Restricted for streets, safety protection, and transportation - 1,888,182 1,888,182	Accounts payable		<u>-</u>	
Property taxes 336,299 - 336,299 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 336,299 - 336,299 Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources 407,908 - 407,908 FUND EQUITY Nonspendable - prepaid expenses 5,798 - 5,798 Restricted for emergencies 64,196 - 64,196 Restricted for streets, safety protection, and transportation - 1,888,182 1,888,182	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources 407,908 - 407,908 FUND EQUITY Nonspendable - prepaid expenses 5,798 - 5,798 Restricted for emergencies 64,196 - 64,196 Restricted for streets, safety protection, and transportation - 1,888,182 1,888,182	Property taxes	336,299	-	336,299
FUND EQUITY Nonspendable - prepaid expenses 5,798 - 5,798 Restricted for emergencies 64,196 - 64,196 Restricted for streets, safety protection, and transportation - 1,888,182 1,888,182	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	336,299	_	336,299
Nonspendable - prepaid expenses 5,798 - 5,798 Restricted for emergencies 64,196 - 64,196 Restricted for streets, safety protection, and transportation - 1,888,182 1,888,182	Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	407,908	-	407,908
Restricted for emergencies 64,196 - 64,196 Restricted for streets, safety protection, and transportation - 1,888,182 1,888,182	FUND EQUITY			
Restricted for streets, safety protection, and transportation - 1,888,182 1,888,182	Nonspendable - prepaid expenses	5,798	-	5,798
	Restricted for emergencies	64,196	-	64,196
Theories 4 2 555 111 2 555 111	Restricted for streets, safety protection, and transportation	-	1,888,182	1,888,182
<u></u>	Unassigned	3,555,111	_	3,555,111
Total Fund Equity \$ 3,625,105 \$ 1,888,182 \$ 5,513,287	Total Fund Equity	\$ 3,625,105	\$ 1,888,182	\$ 5,513,287

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 5,513,287
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 1,131,886
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 6,645,173

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year ended December 31, 2022

i ear ended Dec					Total
			Sales Tax	Go	vernmental
	 General		Revenue		Funds
Revenues					
Property and specific ownership taxes	\$ 358,723	\$	-	\$	358,723
Sales tax	-		1,702,518		1,702,518
Reimbursements	11,583		-		11,583
Interest income	 56,543		22,098		78,641
Total revenues	426,849		1,724,616		2,151,465
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	120,713		90,545		211,258
Public works	-		76,082		76,082
Culture and recreation	20,922		-		20,922
Capital outlay	46,490		173,744		220,234
Total expenditures	 188,125		340,371		528,496
Excess of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	238,724		1,384,245		1,622,969
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in (out)	700,000		(700,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 700,000	•	(700,000)		
Excess of Revenues and Other		•			
Financing Sources Over (Under)					
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	938,724		684,245		1,622,969
Fund Balance - January 1	2,686,381		1,203,937		3,890,318
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 3,625,105	\$	1,888,182	\$	5,513,287

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended December 31, 2022

,		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1	,622,969
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation was		
more than capitalized outlays in the current period (\$17,605 - \$0).		(17,605)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1	,605,364

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Organization

The Edwards Metropolitan District (the "District") is a quasi-municipal corporation formed in 1980 to provide water, street improvements, safety protection, transportation services and fire protection services within its boundaries. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Directors elected by the property owners and residents. Fire protection services are provided by Eagle River Fire Protection District and water services are provided by Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

2. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government; i.e., the District, and (b) organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is considered financially accountable for legally separate organizations if it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the District. Consideration is also given to other organizations, which are fiscally dependent; i.e., unable to adopt a budget, levy taxes, or issue debt without approval by the District. Organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete are also included in the reporting entity.

Based on the criteria above, the District is not financially accountable for any other entity, nor is the District a component unit of any other government.

3. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Currently, the District has only governmental activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Government-wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities columns are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets, receivables, deferred outflows of resources as well as long-term debt, obligations and deferred inflows of resources. The District's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; various restricted net position; and unrestricted net position.

The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures.

The fund focus is on current available resources and budget compliance.

4. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. At this time the District only uses governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Colorado and the bylaws of the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Sales Tax Revenue Fund – This fund is used to account for sales tax revenue that is restricted for the use of streets, safety protection, and transportation.

5. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to whether financial statements measure changes in current resources only (current financial focus) or changes in both current and long-term resources (long-term economic focus). Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues, expenditures, or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

Long-Term Economic Focus and Accrual Basis

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements use the long-term economic focus and are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Current Financial Focus and Modified Accrual Basis

The governmental fund financial statements use the current financial focus and are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days of year-end. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the District's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the District's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications—committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

6. Government-wide Net Position

- Net investment in capital assets—consist of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.
- Restricted net position—consist of assets that are restricted by the District's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors (those who may donate to the District less related liabilities and deferred inflows of resources).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

• *Unrestricted*—all other net position is reported in this category.

7. Governmental Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

- Non-spendable fund balance The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance The portion of fund balance constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as grantors or bondholders), constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance The portion of fund balance constrained for specific purposes according to limitations imposed by the District's highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Directors, prior to the end of the current fiscal year. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.
- Assigned fund balance The portion of fund balance set aside for planned or intended purposes. The intended use may be expressed by the Board of Directors or other individuals authorized to assign funds to be used for a specific purpose.
- Unassigned fund balance The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the above criteria. The District will only report a positive unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

8. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

9. Property Taxes

Property taxes are not due and payable until after the assessment year has ended, and are not included in the budget or Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of the assessment year. Property taxes are recorded as deferred revenue in the year they are levied and measurable. Property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected. Property taxes are levied on or before December 15 of each year and attach as an enforceable lien on the property on January 1. Taxes are payable in full on April 30 or in two installments on February 28 and June 15.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

10. Sales Tax

The District imposed a sales tax, beginning January 1, 2017, of 1% on the sale of tangible personal property at retail and on the furnishing of services that are subject to Colorado State sales taxes. Sales taxes are collected on behalf of the District by the State in the month following the initial collection of sales taxes from the consumer. The sales taxes are remitted to the District the month following collection by the State.

11. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Estimated lives
Road improvements
Buildings

40 years 30 years

Costs related to the construction of assets including engineering, legal, surveying and landscaping that are incurred from the beginning of construction until the assets are substantially complete are capitalized.

12. Intergovernmental Revenues

For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as contributions awarded on a non-reimbursement basis, are recorded as receivables and revenues when measurable and available.

13. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

14. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In the fall of each year, the District's Board of Directors formally adopts a budget with appropriations by fund for the ensuing year pursuant to the Colorado Local Budget Law. The budgets for the governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").

As required by the Colorado statutes, the District followed by the following timetable in approving and enacting a budget for the ensuing years:

- (1) For the 2022 budget year, prior to August 25, 2021, the County Assessor sent the District the assessed valuation of all taxable property within the District's boundaries.
- (2) On or before October 15, 2021, the District's accountant submitted to the District's Board of Directors a recommended budget which detailed the necessary property taxes needed along with other available revenues to meet the District's operating requirements.
- (3) The Board held a public hearing on the proposed budget and capital program no later than 45 days prior to the close of the fiscal year.
- (4) For the 2022 budget, prior to December 15, 2021, the District computed and certified to the County Commissioners a rate of levy that derived the necessary property taxes as computed in the proposed budget.
- (5) For the 2022 budget, the final budget and appropriating resolution was adopted prior to December 31, 2021.
- (6) After adoption of the budget resolution, the District may make the following changes: a) it may transfer appropriated monies between funds or between spending agencies within a fund, as determined by the original appropriation level; b) supplemental appropriations to the extent of revenues in excess of those estimated in the budget; c) emergency appropriations; and d) reduction of appropriations for which originally estimated revenues are insufficient.

The level of control in the budget at which expenditures exceed appropriations is at the fund level. All appropriations lapse at year end. No supplemental appropriations were made during 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. As of December 31, 2022, the District had cash deposits of \$1,398,980 all of which was covered by federal depository insurance.

Investments

Colorado state statues authorize the District to invest in U.S. Treasury bills, obligations of any other U.S. agency, obligations of the World Bank, general obligation bonds of any state or any of their subdivisions, revenue bonds of any state or any of their subdivisions, bankers acceptance notes, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, money market funds and guaranteed investment contracts. All investments must be held by the District, in its name, or in custody of a third party on behalf of the local government.

As of December 31, 2022, the District had \$3,878,125 invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (Colotrust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to Colotrust in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions of Colotrust. Substantially all securities owned by Colotrust are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by Colotrust. Colotrust funds carry a Standard & Poor's AAAm rating. There is no custodial, interest rate or foreign currency risk exposure. Colotrust operates like a 2a-7 external investment pool and investments in the pool are valued at \$1 net asset value (NAV) per share. The underlying investments held by Colotrust are valued at fair value.

The composition, including level under the GASB Statement No. 72 fair value hierarchy, where applicable, of all cash and investments held by the District as of December 31, 2022 is as follows:

		Matur	rities
	<u>Amounts</u>	Less than 1 year	<u>1-5 years</u>
Checking	\$ 345,200		
Money market	72,781		
Colotrust	3,878,125		
Certificates of deposit (Level 1)	980,000	245,000	735,000
<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 5,276,106</u>		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,398,981
Investments \$ 3,878,125
\$ 5,277,106

NOTE C – CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022:

		Beginning	т.		ъ			Ending
C		Balance	<u>In</u>	creases	De	ecreases		Balance
Governmental activities								
Capital assets not								
being depreciated	Φ	207.791	\$		Φ		C	207 701
Water rights	\$	207,781	3	_	\$	_	\$	207,781
Land	_	501,875						501,875
Total capital assets n	ot	700 (5)						700 (5)
being depreciated		709,656						709,656
Canital assats hains								
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings		459,997						459,997
Road improvements				_		_		
Total capital assets		90,863		_				90,863
being depreciated		550,860						550,860
being depreciated		330,800						330,800
Less accumulated								
depreciation for:								
Buildings		99,665		15,333		_		114,998
Road improvements		11,360		2,272		_		13,632
1		111,025		17,605		_		128,630
Total capital assets								<u> </u>
being depreciated, net		439,835		(17,605)		_		422,230
2 1								
Governmental activities								
capital assets, net	\$	1,149,491	\$	(17,605)	\$		\$	1,131,886

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows: Governmental activities:

Highways and streets \$
Culture and recreation

Total depreciation expense – governmental activities \$ 17,605

2,272

15,333

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE D – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omission; and general liability. The District is a member of the Colorado Special District Property and Liability Pool ("Pool") for property and liability insurance. The Pool was formed by an intergovernmental agreement to provide public officials, property, general and automobile liability coverage for claims up to \$1,000,000, except if the claim falls within the government immunity statute, then the coverage is \$150,000 per person and a \$600,000 aggregate claim. The Pool is reinsured for 80% of the first \$250,000 of all claims and 100% for claims in excess of \$250,000. The District may be required to make additional contributions in the event aggregate losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts. Any excess funds, which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula. Any settled claims are not expected to exceed coverage. A summary of audited statutory basis financial information for the Pool as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

Assets	\$ 69,212,177
Liabilities	\$ 45,329,704
Surplus	 23,882,473
-	\$ 69,212,177
Revenue	\$ 27,064,468
Investment income and other	 462,530
Total revenue	27,526,998
Expenses	 25,447,966
Excess of revenues over (under) expenses	\$ 2,079,032

NOTE E – TABOR AMENDMENT

In November 1992, Colorado voters amended Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and local governments. TABOR requires, with certain exceptions, advance voter approval for any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy above that of the prior year, extension of any expiring tax, or tax policy change directly causing a new tax revenue gain to any local government. Except for refinancing bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing pension plans, TABOR requires advance voter approval for the creation of any multiple fiscal year or other financial obligation unless adequate present cash reserves are pledged irrevocable and held for payments in future years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE F – TABOR AMENDMENT

TABOR also requires local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by TABOR, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases. These reserves are required to be 3% or more of the fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service) for fiscal years ended after December 31, 1994. At December 31, 2022, a reserve of \$64,196 was required.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the financial provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of its provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate fiscal year spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

NOTE G – INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS

Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority:

The District is a participant in the Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority (the "Authority"). The Authority was formed pursuant to an establishing contract on September 18, 1984, by the following quasi-municipal corporations ("Districts") and the Town of Avon ("Town") located in Eagle County, Colorado (Contracting Parties):

Arrowhead Metropolitan District Town of Avon Beaver Creek Metropolitan District Berry Creek Metropolitan District Eagle-Vail Metropolitan District Edwards Metropolitan District

The purposes of the Authority are to supply water for domestic and other public and private purposes; to provide all necessary water diversion works, reservoirs, treatment works and facilities, equipment and appurtenances incident thereto; to effect the development of water resources, systems or facilities, in whole or in part, for the use and benefit of the Contracting Parties, their inhabitants, and others; and to provide efficient, effective, and reliable water service. The Authority does not provide wastewater collection and treatment services, those are provided by Eagle River Water and Sanitation District.

The Authority is to remain in effect until it has no bonds, notes or other obligations outstanding and the Contracting Parties unanimously consent to its dissolution.

The term of the underlying Authority Agreement shall be ten (10) years ending on December 31, 2023, but such term shall be subject to automatic renewal and extension for successive ten (10) year terms thereafter unless all of the Contracting Parties unanimously approve changes to this Authority Agreement during any extended term, to be effective on the first day of the extended term, including provision for payment of all bonds, notes and other obligations outstanding in accordance with their terms. At December 31, 2022, the Authority had debt with maturities through the year 2042.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE G – INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS – CONTINUED

Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority – Continued:

Dissolution of the Authority requires the unanimous consent of the Contracting Parties and provision for a successor entity that will continue to provide service to the water service customers. Any provision for dissolution shall provide either that all the Authority's financial obligations be paid in full or that funds sufficient for the payment of the Authority's obligations be placed in escrow.

Upon dissolution without conveyance of all water rights and assets to a successor entity, the interest in the net position of the Authority including interests in unallocated water rights shall be distributed to each contracting party in proportion to the average annual amount of treated water sold within the boundaries of each Contracting Party.

The Contracting Parties (including the District) and other parties served by contract have previously conveyed to the Authority their individual water systems, except for certain golf course water systems, raw water storage and raw water irrigation systems, subject to existing agreements between the Authority and any Contracting Party. The customers of the Contracting Parties thereby became water service customers of the Authority. The Authority shall make Rules and Regulations concerning the operation of the Authority's Water System. These water systems were accepted by the Authority in "as is" condition and (subject to any contract obligations) all future maintenance, repair and upgrade expenses became the obligations of the Authority, and not the obligations of the Contracting Parties or the third party served by contract. In connection therewith, on February 19, 2015 the District adopted a resolution terminating collection of any future water tap fees by the District.

The Contracting Parties have leased and/or conveyed to the Authority all of the Contracting Parties' right, title and interests in and to the Contracting Parties' water rights, including the right to use all diversion ditches, pipelines, headgates and structures, reservoirs or other storage structures, pumps, casings, and other improvements and easements associated or used in connection with the water rights, for the Authority's use in carrying out its functions and providing water service.

A summary of audited financial information for the Authority as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

Assets:

Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	•	393,941 126,048,949
Deferred Outflows		395,941
Property and equipment		97,933,909
Current and other	\$	27,719,099

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

NOTE G - INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS - CONTINUED

Upper Eagle Regional Water Authority – Continued:

Liabilities and Net Position:			
Current and other	\$ 7,186,569		
Long-term debt	57,919,367		
Net position	60,943,013		
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$126,048,949		
Operations:			
Operating revenue	\$ 15,684,126		
Operating expense	17,642,069		
Operating (Loss)	(1,957,943)		
Non-operating revenue (expense), net	(1,631,228)		
Net Income (Loss)	(3,589,171)		
Capital contributions	3,603,236		
Net Position – Beginning	60,928,948		
Net Position – Ending	\$ 60,943,013		

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

Year ended December 31, 2022

Tear chied December	01 31, 2022		Variance	
	Original and	Favorable		
	Final Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable	
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 340,083	\$ 340,376	\$ 293	
Specific ownership taxes	16,664	18,347	1,683	
Reimbursements	11,786	11,583	(203)	
Interest income	6,668	56,543	49,875	
Total revenues	375,201	426,849	51,648	
Expenditures				
Current				
General government				
Insurance	4,387	4,282	105	
Accounting and audit	98,993	105,513	(6,520)	
Legal	4,985	9,287	(4,302)	
Treasurer's fees	11,403	10,228	1,175	
Administration	57,438	76,779	(19,341)	
Maintenance	10,447	5,169	5,278	
Overhead allocation	(88,603)	(90,545)	1,942	
Culture and recreation	22,079	20,922	1,157	
Contingency	20,000	-	20,000	
Capital outlay	285,000	46,490	238,510	
Total expenditures	426,129	188,125	238,004	
Excess of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(50,928)	238,724	289,652	
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	700,000	700,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	700,000	700,000	_	
Excess of Revenues and Other				
Financing Sources Over (Under)				
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	649,072	938,724	289,652	
Fund Balance - January 1	2,667,247	2,686,381	19,134	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$3,316,319	\$3,625,105	\$ 308,786	

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SALES TAX REVENUE FUND

Year ended December 31, 2022

			Variance		
	Original and		Favorable (Unfavorable)		
	Final Budget	Actual			
Revenues					
Sales tax revenue	\$1,390,500	\$1,702,518	\$	312,018	
Interest income	2,859	22,098		19,239	
Total revenues	1,393,359	1,724,616		331,257	
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	88,603	90,545		(1,942)	
Public works	111,796	90,082		21,714	
Capital outlay	144,000	159,744		(15,744)	
Total expenditures	344,399	340,371		4,028	
Excess of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,048,960	1,384,245		335,285	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers out	(700,000)	(700,000)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(700,000)	(700,000)		_	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)					
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	348,960	684,245		335,285	
Fund Balance - January 1	574,825	1,203,937		629,112	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 923,785	\$1,888,182	\$	964,397	